

THE CHRONICLE

VOL. XIV. No. 35.

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, SEPT. 20th, 1921.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

WM. LAUT

FOR THE FALL HOUSE CLEANING

O'Cedar Mops	\$1.25	Scrub Brushes	10c to 50c
Liquid Veneer Mops	1.75	Witch Soot Destroyer	17 1/2c
Polishing Wax	1.00	Stove Brushes	25c
O'Cedar Oil	25c to 1.25	Stove Daubers	15c
Liquid Veneer	25c to 1.25	Stove Polish	15c
Waxit	50c	Sink Brushes	10c
Liquid Gloss	\$1.00	Alabastine	75c
Wall Paper Cleaner	50c	Gold Paint	40c
Floor Polishers	\$6.00	Whitewash Brushes	30c up
Mops, self wringing	90c	Varnish Stain	50c "
Mop Handles	40c	Varnishes	50c "
Mop Cloths	45c	Household Paints	50c "
Hair Brooms	\$2.25	Stove Pipe Enamel	20c "
Rug Beaters	30c	Aluminum Paint	50c "
Steel Wool	20c		

William Laut,
Groceries, Hardware, Implements, Harness.

J. A. VALIQUETTE,
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR.
Calgary Office: 810A First Street West.
Phone 11487.

At Hotel, Crossfield, Saturdays 10
a.m. to 1 p.m.

: Local and General :

Messrs J. Smirt Jun'r and L. Onkes returned to town on Tuesday evening last, after several days spent motoring and shooting up north.

Little Neil Laut, second child of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Laut, at Rodney, has been quite sick with pneumonia but we are pleased to report that he is improving nicely now.

Mr. F. Collicut's son George returned on Monday last, with the prize winning Herefords that have been sweeping everything before them at the big Fairs. It has been a remarkable record and has served to put the Willow Springs ranch and Crossfield on the map with distinction. The competitions have clearly established the fact that these animals outclass any other group of Herefords in the Dominion of Canada. Our congratulations to Mr. Collicut.

Miss Harriet Burslem now has twenty-five piano pupils. This is surely a creditable showing and it is to be hoped that in the course of time we shall have no lack of accomplished musicians in the district. At the present time the scarcity is rather marked.

Mrs. S. Willis and daughter Gladys left this morning (Thursday) to visit with relatives at Bowden.

Mrs. Kelso, of Edmonton, is visiting at the home of her sister Mrs. W. Laut.

Miss M. Wheelock and Mr. F. Goodsell were visitors to Calgary on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Whitfield and family, Mr. and Mrs. R. McAdam and Miss A. Whitfield motored to Cochrane, on Sunday last, visiting at the home of Mr. J. W. Whitfield.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.
Sunday, Oct. 2nd, 1921
10 a. m. Sunday School

UNION CHURCH, CROSSFIELD
Sunday, Oct. 2nd 1921.

Rev. R. K. Swenerton, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

Mr. S. Willis, Musical Director.
Mrs. R. T. Amery, Organist.
Mr. W. A. Waldoek, Sunday School Superintendent.

Sunday School a Bible Class 2 p.m.
Preaching Service at 7.30 p.m.
Mr. B. C. Moore, of Calgary, will be the speaker at Union Church, on Sunday night, Oct. 2nd. His subject will be "Cooperation as a Christian Principal". He is regarded as a ready speaker and has a subject that is one of the live topics of the day.

The Sampsonston Church Opening takes place at the new Hall, on Sunday, Oct. 2nd. Services will be held morning and evening at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Rev. J. P. Berry a former Pastor will preach. The Crossfield Orchestra will play and solos will be given by Mr. Waldoek and Rev. R. K. Swenerton. This is an event of unusual interest and large crowds are anticipated coming from a considerable distance. Special Offerings will be taken up for Church support.

"IT PAYSTO PAY CASH"

Canned Tomatoes, Peas and Corn have advanced sharply in price, Calgary mail order houses are asking \$4.75 per case. But you can still buy from us at \$4.50 per case of 24 cans.

New Pack Jams have also been advanced, and may possibly go further. Anticipating this we have bought a good stock and can still give you the old prices.

Wagstaffes', K. C., and other brands, per 4 lb. pail **\$1.00**
1/2-Gallon Fruit Jars. Buy them here, per doz. **\$2.25**
Peaches, evaporated, 5 lb carton, each **\$1.25**
Prunes, " " " " **75c**
Seedless or Seeded Raisins, 2 packages **55c**

We have secured the agency for the well-known Reliance Shoes for Boys and Girls and the little ones. A Splendid Shoe, made to conform to the shape of the child's foot, and do not cost any more the ordinary shoe.

Ladies Leather Oxfords and Dancing Pumps lined with kid, per pair, value \$9.00 for **\$4.50**
Girls' School Shoes, 8 to 13, regular \$3.00 to clear **\$1.95**
Boys' School Shoes, 10 to 13, regular \$4.50 to clear **\$3.25**

CROSSFIELD CASH STORE

W. H. M. Williams, Phone 33.

NOTICE !

GASOLINE

47 1/2 cents
per Gallon

BUY OVERLAND - 4 - CARS FOR

"SERVICE" & "ECONOMY"

BLISS' GARAGE

Phone 3.

CROSSFIELD, Alberta.

Crossfield BILLIARD HALL AND BARBER SHOP

A full line of CIGARS, CIGARETTES,
TOBACCO & CANDY BARS
always on hand.

Agent for the Ontario Laundry, Calgary.
Collections and Deliveries on
THURSDAY, of each week.

W. POGUE, Proprietor.

Teach the Children

Teach your children to save their money. Start the boy with a savings bank account, and encourage him by supplementing every fifty cents he saves, with another fifty from your own pocket.

All patrons, large or small, are assured courteous service in every branch of this bank.

IMPERIAL BANK

OF CANADA

CROSSFIELD BRANCH,

J. F. PERCIVAL.

Manager.

CROSSFIELD DISTRICT CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION U.F.A. LIMITED.

"T W I N E"

We have a Car load
JUST IN.

Get your supply early

Price is 21c per lb.

CASH

23

CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET**Quality is the True Test of Cheapness.**

We have a few cases of LARD yet which was bought at the low price you get the benefit whilst they last.

3 lb Pail 70c, 5 lb Pail \$1.10, 10 lb Pail \$2.00.

Call and see us when you have anything to Sell, we can handle it.

Live Poultry Purchased at Calgary Market Prices.

WE AIM TO SATISFY

Phone 24.

J. G. HARRISON, Prop.**INSURANCE**

All classes of Insurance written on the most favorable terms.

See me for Fire, Hail, Livestock or Automobile Insurance

Prompt attention & competent service assured.

A. W. SMART,
Crossfield, Alberta.

PHONE 604

J. L. McRory.**SHEET****Metal Works**

CROSSFIELD, Alberta.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

A Social will be held in the Union Church, on Monday evening, Oct. 10th. When the Young Peoples Society will be organized for the Winter months. - Everybody welcome. Ladies Please Provide.

The Annual meeting of the Women's Guild will be held at the home of Mrs. S. Willis, at 3 p. m., on Thursday, Oct. 6th. All members are cordially invited.

"Rally Day" Services

The Rally Day Services at Union Church last Sunday were much enjoyed. The Children's Choir did splendidly and was a credit to the excellent training given them by Mr. and Mrs. Crocker. The recitations by Laura Becker, Helen Willis, John Becker and Robert Whitfield were well delivered and showed good results for the careful supervision and direction provided by Mr. Nicholson. The Inverlea Sunday School turned out in strength in the afternoon as visitors. They are putting on the program themselves next Sunday, with Rev. J. P. Berry giving the address. The program given last Sunday afternoon and evening differed somewhat. Mr. Waldoek the Superintendent giving the address in the afternoon, while the pastor Rev. R. K. Swenerton did so in the evening, the subject being "Loyalty to Our Heavenly Father".

SPEND A WINTER AT THE OLDS SCHOOL of AGRICULTURE**Term Opens on October 27th, 1921.**

The courses offered afford the best opportunity ever given farm boys and girls to obtain a practical education.

The school term occupies only the slack time on the farm.

The courses are free. Boarding and rooming accommodation are arranged for by the school management, and rates will be very reasonable.

The farm in connection with the school maintains a good selection of live-stock for judging purposes, and the demonstration of feeding and housing methods, and the experimental work carried on during the summer provides the best and most recent material on crops and crop production.

The school is equipped for the teaching of the elementary agricultural sciences.

There has never been a greater demand for trained men in the agricultural field than there is to day. The uncertain conditions and values of all farm products at present make it essential that the successful farmer be equipped with every bit of available knowledge underlying the principles of production and marketing.

Every profession trains its men carefully in its own subjects—what is more essential to the future farmer than an agricultural training. Give the boy and girl a chance; it will pay in satisfaction, in the improvement of farming methods, and in money.

COURSES OF STUDY.**Agriculture --**

Field Husbandry
Animal Husbandry
Veterinary Science
Farm Mechanics
Farm Dairying
Poultry Keeping
Horticulture
Agricultural Chemistry
Agricultural Physics
Botany
Farm Management
English
Mathematics
Entomology
Civics

Domestic Science --

Cooking
Dietetics
Hygiene
Home Nursing
Sewing
Textiles
Household Administration
Home Book-keeping
English
Mathematics
Horticulture
Home Dairying
Poultry Keeping
Household Chemistry
Civics
Physical Culture

For a School Calendar and all information regarding the courses apply to

F. S. GRINDALE, Principal,
Olds, Alberta.

HON. GEORGE HOARDLEY,
Minister of Agriculture, Edmonton.

BOTTOM!!

It would appear that prices in many lines have gotten to the low point for some time at least. You can make your fall purchases with the feeling that values will not change during this season.

BLANKETS --

Large size 12-4 Cotton Blankets, grey and white, sold a year ago at \$5.50, to-day **\$3.50**
11-4 Blankets, to-day **\$2.75**

FLANNELETTES --

A range of good values, darks, light and white, a yard **20c**

GINGHAMS --

Some new ones, English make, "Washwell" brand.
36 inch wide **80c**

Another line, 27 inch wide, Splendid quality and good patterns, per yard **35c**

HOSE --

Ladies Holeproof Silk Hose, black and colors **\$2.00**
Girls' and Boys' Worsted Wool Hose, warm for school wear, **90c and down to 60c**

QUILTINGS --

A good time to get the Winter Bedding ready.
Quilt Cover Material, yard wide, splendid colors, per yard **30c**
Quilt Batts, all one price, 72 by 84 inches, each **\$1.40**

MACKINAWs --

Extra Heavy All Wool Mackinaw, 36 oz., high collar, belted, Norfolk styles. Sold a year ago at \$21.00, to-days price **\$14.50**

STANFIELDS --

Underwear for Men, Combinations and two piece. Red label all wool. No better value--per suit **\$4.50**

OVERALLS --

Men's Heavy Blue Demin, bib Overalls, almost pre war price **\$1.85**

SLIPPERS --

Warm Comfy House Slippers for the Kiddies, Kid leather, soft padded leather soles, ankle strap, sizes 8 to 10 and 11 to 2 **\$2.00 & \$1.75**

Ladies Black Kid Budoir Slippers, padded soft sole, large pom pom trimmed, per pair **\$2.50**

APPLES --

Wagner Dessert—wrapped—splendid eating and cooking--box **\$2.25**
Macintosh Reds, wrapped, box **\$2.95**
Pippins, 20 oz., wrapped, box **\$2.95**

"PAY CASH IT'S CHEAPER."**HALLIDAY & CO.****CANADIAN PACIFIC**

Change in Train Service
Effective Sunday Oct. 2nd, 1921.

Soo-Pacific Express, Trains 13 & 14, will be withdrawn, west of Moose Jaw, last trains from St. Paul and Vancouver October 1st.

Times for trains at CROSSFIELD will be
NORTHBOUND

Daily No. 525 3.27 p. m.

" No. 528 9.53 a. m.

SOUTHBOUND

Daily No. 522 6.23 a. m.

" No. 524 1.15 p. m.

" No. 526 6.28 p. m.

except Sunday,

For further particulars apply to any ticket Agent.

J. E. PROCTOR,
District Passenger Agent,
Calgary.

If you are in the market for Harness, you can do nothing better than to call in and talk BUSINESS.

My Harness repairing will speak louder than words, terms are moderate.

Boots and Shoes for repair, received, and delivered to practical firm in Calgary.

SIDNEY JONES,

Harness Maker & Repairer

Next door to Laut's Store.

Seven Seas

The Homesteaders

— BY —
ROBERT J. C. STEAD
Published by Special Arrangement With the Author.

(Continued)

Presently she reached the water, and her quick ear caught the sound of a muskrat slipping gently into the stream from the reeds on the opposite bank; she could see the widening wake where he ploughed his swift way across the pond. Then her own figure stood up before her, graceful and lithe as the willows on the bank. She surveyed it a minute, then flicked the flower at her face in the water, and turned slowly homeward. She was not unhappy, but a dull sense of loss oppressed her—a sense that the world was very rich and very beautiful, and that she was missing neither on its richness nor its beauty. There was a stirring of music and poetry in her soul, but either she did not poetry found expression. What she felt was a consciousness that great things were just beyond the reach of her experience, things undefined and undefinable which, could she but grasp them, would deepen life and give life and give a purpose to all her being. And as she walked up the path and the fragrant night air filled her nostrils, something of that wider life seemed borne in upon her and sent a fresh spring to her ankle. And presently she discovered she was thinking about Jim Travers.

Her mother sat in the dining-room, knitting by the light of the hanging lamp. Her face seemed very pale and lovely in the soft glow.

"Don't you think you have done enough?" said the girl, slipping into a sitting posture on the floor by her mother's knee. "You work, work, work all the time. I suppose they'll have to let you work in heaven."

"We value our work more as we grow older," said the mother. "It helps to keep us from thinking."

"There you go!" exclaimed the girl, but there was a tenderness in her voice. "Worrying again. I wish they'd stay home for a change."

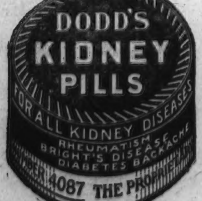
The mother plied her needles in silence. Slip away to bed, Beulah, she said at length. "I will wait up for a while."

Late in the night the girl heard heavy footsteps in the kitchen and bursts of loud but indistinct talking.

CHAPTER VII.

The Call of the Farther West.

Notwithstanding Harris's late hour the household was early astir the following morning. At five o'clock Jim was at work in the stables, feeding, rubbing down, and harnessing his horses, while Allan and his father walked to the engine, where they built a fresh fire and made some minor repairs. Even at this early hour the sun shone brightly, its rays mellowing in a sheen of ground-mist that enveloped the prairie, but there is a tang in the Manitoba morning air even in midsummer, and the men walked briskly through the crisp stubble. A little later Beulah came down to the corral with her milk-pails, and the cows, comfortably chewing where they rested on their warm spots of earth, rose slowly and with evident great reluctance at her approach. A spar of light blue smoke ascended in a perpendicular column from the kitchen chimney; motherly hens led their broods forth to forage; pigs grunted with rising enthusiasm from nearby pens, and calves voiced insistent demands from their quarters. The



Harris farm, like fifty thousand others, rose from its brief hush of rest and quiet to the sounds and energies of another day.

Breakfast, like the meal of the night before, was eaten hurriedly, and at first without conversation, but at length Harris paused long enough to remark, "Riles is talkin' o' gain' West."

"The news might be worse," said Beulah. Riles, although a successful farmer, had the reputation of being a miser, and his wife, even in a community where such qualities, in moderation, were by no means considered vices.

Harris paid no attention to his daughter's interruption. It was evident, however, that his mention of Riles had a purpose behind it, and presently he continued: "Riles has been writin' to the Department of the Interior, and it seems they're openin' a lot of land for homesteadin' away West, not far from the Rocky Mountains. Seems they have a good climate there, and good soil, too."

"I should think Mr. Riles would be content with what he has," said Mary Harris. "He has a fine farm here, and I'm sure both him and his wife have worked hard enough to take it easier now."

"I don't work never killed nobody," pursued the farmer. "Riles is good for many a year yet, and free land ain't what it once was. Those homesteads'll be worth twenty dollars an acre by the time they're proved up."

"I was sure of it," said Beulah, "but no good for farmin'."

"Who says that?" demanded his father. "The ranchers. They know which side their bread's buttered on. As long's they can get grazin' land for two cents an acre, or maybe

nothing, of course they don't want the homestead. They tell me the Englishmen and Frenchmen that went out into that country where the Canadians settled in Manitoba have more cattle now than they can count—they measure 'em by acres. Riles says

Breakfast and Harris's speech came to an end simultaneously, and the subject was dropped for the time. In a few minutes Jim had his team hitched to the tank wagon in the yard. The men jumped aboard, and the wagon rattled down the road to where the engine and ploughs sat in the stubble.

"What notion's this father's got about Riles, do you suppose, mother?" asked Beulah, as the two women busied themselves with the morning work in the kitchen.

"Dear knows," said her mother wearily. "I hope he doesn't take it in his head to go out there too."

"Why Dad?" Oh, he wouldn't do that. He's hardly got finished with the building of this house, and you know for years he had laid and looked forward to the building of the new house. His heart's quite wrapped up in the farm here. I wish he'd never get it a bit and let it peek out at times."

"I'm not so sure. I'm beginning to think it's the money that's in the farm your father's heart is set on. If the money was to be made somewhere else his heart would soon shift."

"Mother!" exclaimed the girl. In twenty years it was the first word approaching disloyalty she had heard from her mother's lips, and she could hardly trust her ears. It was nothing for Beulah to criticize her father; that was her daily custom, and she pursued it with the whole frankness of her nature. But her mother had always defended, sometimes mildly chiding, but never admitting either weakness or injustice on the part of John Harris.

"Well, I just can't stand it much longer," said the mother, "the emotions which she had so long held in check overcoming her. 'Here I've slaved and saved until I'm as—well, an old woman, and what better are we for? We've better things to eat and more things to wear, and a bigger house to keep clean, and your father thinks we ought to be satisfied. But he isn't satisfied himself. He's slaving harder than ever, and now he's got this notion about going West. Oh, you'll see it will come to that. He knows our life isn't complete, and he thinks more money will complete it. All the experience of twenty years hasn't taught him any better."

Beulah stood aghast at this outburst, and when her mother paused and looked at her, and she saw the unbidden wells of water gathering in the tender eyes, the girl could no longer restrain herself. With a cry she flung her arms about her mother's neck, and for a few moments the two forgot their habitual restraint and were but naked souls mingling together.

"It's a shame," exclaimed Beulah at length. "We're not living; we're just existing. When I get among people that are really living—like the

Grants, over there—you don't know how mortified and mean I feel. And it's not that alone—it's the sense of loss, the sense that life is going by and I'm not making the best of it. You know we are missing the real thing; we are just living on the husks, and father is so blind he thinks the husks are the grain itself."

"Your father is hungry, too," said the mother. "Hungry—hungry, and he thinks that more land, more money, more success, will fill him. But in the meantime he's forgetting the things that would satisfy—the love that was ours, the little devotion—Oh, child, what I'm saying. What an unfaithful creature I am! You must forget, Beulah, you must forget these words—words of shame they are!"

"The shame is his," declared the girl defiantly, "and I won't stand this nonsense about homesteading again—I just won't stand it. If he says anything more about it I'll fly off, that's what I'll do. And I've a few remarks for him about Riles that won't keep much longer. The old badger—he's at the bottom of all this."

"You mustn't quarrel with your father, dearie, you mustn't do that." "I'm not going to quarrel with him, but I'm going to say some things that need saying. And if it comes to a showdown, and he must go—well, he must, but you and I will stay with the old farm, won't we, mother?"

But the mother's thought now was for quieting her daughter's heart of heart. Beulah's nature was not one to lend itself to passive submission, and yet she was so sensitive. She was the soul of loyalty, but with that loyalty she combined a surprising intolerance of things as they should not be. She had not yet reached the philosophic age, but she knew enough to value quietness, and she knew that what she called the real things were escaping her. At night, she looked up at the myriad stars spangling the heaven, the girl's heart was filled with an unutterable yearning: a sense of restriction, of limitation of loss—a sense that somewhere lay a Purpose and a Plan, and that only by becoming part of that Plan could life be lived to the fullest.

Her mother was of a different nature, not less brave, but more resigned; content to fill, without question, the niche to which fate assigned her; accepting conditions as a matter of course. Yet at times she had inklings of those deeper questions which arose in persistent interrogations before her child, and she guessed that if Beulah once became convinced that she saw the Plan, not all her loyalty could dissuade her from following it. So she strove to control the sudden outburst in her own heart lest the fire kindled in Beulah's should break forth in conflagration.

"There, there now," said she, gently stroking her daughter's hair. "Let us forget this, and remember how much we have to be thankful for. We have our health, and our home, and the bright sunshine, and—I declare," she interrupted, catching a glimpse of something through the window, "if the cows haven't broken from the lower pasture and are all through the outfield! You'll have to take Collie and get them back, somehow, or bring them up to the corral."

(To be continued)

In England, to secure greater safety on the highways, patrols are stationed at dangerous crossings to warn motorists, and at bad stretches of road.

"It wears longer"

"Stands Strenuous Wear"

MURINE EYES

Sun Wind Dust Cinders

RECOMMENDED BY DRUGGISTS AND OPTICIANS

WRITE FOR FREE EYE BOOK, MURINE CO. CHICAGO

STANFIELD'S

Unshrinkable

UNDERWEAR

MEN who work outdoors need the comfortable warmth of

STANFIELD'S "Red Label" Underwear

It is made of the best wool—and is cut to fit perfectly, giving ease and freedom with the warmth needed to protect against bitter cold.

We make underwear in heavy weights for men, women and children.

Write for free sample book.

STANFIELD'S LIMITED

TRURO, N.S.

It's a shame," exclaimed Beulah at length. "We're not living; we're just existing. When I get among people that are really living—like the

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTURY COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

The Seven Seas

A Dark Voyage.

Salesman—Nice weather for traveling.

Suction Agent—Yes, but I'm afraid to travel any more, I became engaged once while going through a tunnel.

ASPIRIN

"Bayer" only is Genuine

Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablet, you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monocacetic-acidester of Salicylicacid.

Five Irish Delegates Have Been Appointed To British Conference

Dublin.—The Daily Eireann approved Mr. George's latest proposals and ratified the appointment of five delegates to a "possible conference" with representatives of Great Britain.

The appointments of plenipotentiaries approved were those of the following: Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Féin and "foreign minister," chairman; Michael Collins, "finance minister"; Robert C. Barton, who has been one of the leading figures in the preliminary negotiations; Eamon J. Duggan, Sinn Féin member of parliament and a leading figure in the arrangement of the Irish truce; George Gavan Duffy, who has acted as representative of the Sinn Féin abroad.

Nothing has leaked out as to whether the reply is acceptance or non-acceptance of the invitation to a conference, but the fact that five Irish plenipotentiaries have been appointed is taken as indicating confidence in continuance of the negotiations. Mr. Lloyd George is expected to remain in Scotland at least another three weeks.

Grain Exchange Appoints New Head

Retiring President Says Producers Should Understand Marketing Methods.

Winnipeg.—C. H. Leaman was formally elected president of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, succeeding Norman L. Leach, retired, at the annual meeting. J. B. Craig and Dr. Robert Magill, vice-president and secretary-treasurer, respectively, were elected by acclamation along with Mr. Leaman at the nomination meeting were also installed in office.

A resume of the past year's work in the grain trade, with suggestions for the general improvement of the trade was the feature of the retiring president's address, which stated: "There is today a wider and keener interest in grain marketing methods and systems; there are many criticisms of these methods. They should be more clearly understood by the producer, the business and general community at large, and I submit to you the suggestion of co-operation with and education of your trade, your customers and the general public toward that end."

Greeks Will Resume Offensive

Soldiers Were Taking Rest and Bringing Up Supplies.

Smyrna.—Greek operations against the Turkish Nationalists have been interrupted, but will be resumed, said General Papoulas, commander-in-chief of the Greek armies in Asia Minor. He said his forces were convinced that they were able to annihilate the enemy.

The offensive was halted so the Greek soldiers might be given a rest and arranging for bringing up supplies and provisions.

Fire Destroys Lumber.

Stewiacke, N.S.—One million feet of lumber were destroyed here by a fire which broke out in one of eight lumber piles. The lumber was piled near the railway tracks and all Canadian Pacific telegraph poles in the vicinity were burned and the wires put out of commission.

List Suggested Topics.

Washington.—The United States Government has sent to the governments of all the powers invited to the conference on the limitation of armaments and Far Eastern questions a list of the topics suggested for discussion.

Heavy Grain Shipment From West.

Winnipeg.—Approximately 16,000,000 bushels of grain have been billed over the Canadian National Railway from western points to Sept. 14. This is more grain than was loaded up to October 4, last year, it is stated.

W. N. U. 1386

WESTERN EDITORS



W. G. Fickell, Portage la Prairie, Publisher of Oakville Standard and Langruth Herald.

British Dirigible May Replace ZR-2

U.S. Government Wants to Obtain Former German Zeppelin.

London.—Reports that the United States and British Governments may arrange for the transfer of one of Great Britain's remaining airships to replace the wrecked ZR-2, have received some credence in United States official circles here where it is stated the United States Government, some time prior to contracting for the ZR-2 considered the desirability of obtaining one of the former German Zeppelins for experimental and instructional purposes.

When these German air fighters were turned over to the allies, Italy, France and Britain received one each and America none. Great Britain's Zeppelin, the L-71 is the largest rigid airship in existence now that the ZR-2 is gone. Her cubic capacity is 2,428,000 feet or 380,000 feet less than the ZR-2. The length of the L-71 is 743 feet as against 695 feet for the ZR-2.

Will Recatalogue All In France

Police Chief Orders Every Thumb Print Registered.

Paris.—The entire French nation, as well as all foreigners residing in France, will be recatalogued and compelled to register their thumb prints, according to the latest regulation of Police Chief Lullier. Identification of crime suspects and the detection of criminals is expected to be made easier under the new system.

Pusseyfoot In Australia.

London.—A Renter cable from Adelaide, South Australia, announces the arrival there of Pusseyfoot Johnson. Johnson says the United States will remain dry and that England will be dry by 1930.

By making your purchases from your home merchant you are contributing directly to the prosperity of the community in which you live.

Alberta Government Anxious To Develop More Coal Markets

Italy Has Good Harvest

Crop Expected to Reach Pre-War Productiveness.

Rome.—Italy's harvest this year will reach its pre-war productiveness, according to the government crop forecasts. The total harvest anticipated will reach 51,200,000 quintals (of about 220 pounds each) comprising all kinds of grain.

The average pre-war crop was calculated at 48,000,000 quintals. During the war, production decreased to 38,000,000 quintals.

The present year's crop is also distinguished by the fact that it lacks but 6,000,000 in equalling the record grain crop of Italy, which was in 1913, when it reached nearly 58,000,000 quintals.

Work For Unemployed In Fort William

Foundry Company Is To Receive Order For Repairing.

Fort William, Ont.—The Fort William Car and Foundry Company is to receive an order for repairing 1,500 government cars, according to a telegram received here from Dr. R. J. Manion, M.P. An additional 1,000 feet of breakwater is to be added to the Mission breakwater, work to start immediately. This means that the unemployment here will be greatly alleviated.

Approve Relief Measures.

St. Vincent Will Help Poor Who Lost Crops in Flood.

St. Vincent, Windward Islands.—Expenditures for the relief of the poor who lost food crops and houses in the great storm which swept over St. Vincent have been approved by the legislature. The storm damage on the neighboring island of Grenada is placed at a moderate estimate at \$500,000. Nutmeg and cocoa plantations which were ruined will require at least seven years for re-establishment.

Chinese Canadian Trade Increases

Net Increase of 840 Per Cent. in Five Years.

Hamilton, Ont.—China and Canada have much in common, and their trade relationship is growing substantially every year, declared W. Y. Kwan, chairman of the Chinese Railway Commission to members of the Kinmen's Club. He emphasized that in 1918, the last year in which statistics were available, China had imported and exported goods from and to Canada valued at more than \$17,000,000, which when compared with 1913 figures showed a net increase of 840 per cent.

Edmonton.—Representing the mineral industry in the entire western provinces, 75 delegates were in attendance when the opening of the third annual western convention of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy was called to order by the chairman, O. E. S. Whiteside, of Colebatch. Mayor G. M. Duggan briefly addressed the "visiting delegates," welcoming them to Edmonton on behalf of the city.

The Provincial Government was represented by Premier Greenfield, who spoke on the research work of the government in the matter of the mineral industry.

"The government is endeavoring to develop more markets for Alberta coal," declared Premier Greenfield, "but we have met with one difficulty and that is the grading of coal."

The Premier deplored the lack of uniformity in the grading of coal, and stated that it had proved a hindrance in the marketing of the product. "We are advertising, making demonstrations and continuing the research work," he said, "and I would like to suggest co-operation with the government as well as advise you that the uniform system of grading coal is a necessity."

Premier Greenfield gave an account of his trip into the north country, and said he was deeply impressed and encouraged by his observations of conditions. The government test hole in the McMurray townsite where the mining of salt is being investigated by the research branch, was also mentioned by the premier. "The government is thoroughly aware of the importance of the mineral industries in the province," he said.

The approach of the winter season and its effect on the employment situation in the province was touched upon by Mr. Greenfield. "I am opposed to soup kitchens and that form of relief," he said, "and would like to ask you to employ during the winter months, if possible, as much extra help as you can."

August Showed Decline In Trade

Exports of Agricultural Products Decrease Ten Million Dollars.

Ottawa.—A sharp decline in Canadian trade for the month of August, 1921, as compared with August, 1920, was recorded in the summary of Canadian trade issued by the department of customs. Total Canadian trade for August, 1921, amounted to \$127,510,299, as compared with \$238,085,409, for August, 1920. For the five months of the fiscal year closing with the end of August, total trade was \$1,291,562,315 '08; 1920, \$1,063,353,170, a reduction of \$461,038,132.

During August, 1921, imports entered for home consumption had a total value of \$65,147,301, as compared with \$124,318,014, a reduction of \$59,170,713. For the five months ending August 31, the total merchandise entered for consumption was valued at \$319,009,763, as compared with \$397,890,603 in 1920. In August, 1920, domestic merchandise export had a total value of \$112,278,064, as compared with \$61,485,993 for August, 1921.

Canadian Importer Reaches Victoria. B.C.—Facing the specter from the fog-bound Pacific after having been virtually given up for lost the derelict Canadian Government steamship Canadian Importer, with a six degree list, groggy but still watchful, "cheated" the ocean of its expected prey and defiantly limped into port with her crew of undaunted British seamen still at their posts of duty.

Chicago Builders Return to Work. Chicago.—Facing the possibility of an openshop in the Chicago building industry, and spurred to action by refusal of Judge Landis, arbiter, to grant a wage decision rehearing until they are at work, union men in the building industry here were coming back to work in large numbers.

Trial Shipment Proves Failure

Alberta Government Lost On Shipment of Beef Cattle.

Edmonton, Alta.—The trial shipment of fat beef cattle that was sent to Scotland in June by the provincial department of agriculture, resulted in a net loss to the government. They show an average cost per head of \$303, with an average return of \$188.88. There were thirty-six head of export steers in the shipment. The animals were shipped to Glasgow and were there sold at the public market for immediate slaughter.

When the steers left Edmonton they stood at a cost to the government of \$168.17 per animal, and the transportation charges, Edmonton to Glasgow, were \$109.12 per animal. Added to this were the expenses of the attendant, bank charges and other overhead expenses, bringing the total cost per head to \$302.07. Records kept en route show that there was practically no shrinkage in any of the animals. The sales in the Glasgow markets showed that the smaller handweight steers of good type and breeding, ranging from 1,200 to 1,350 pounds, were most in demand, the heavier fat steers not meeting with ready sale for the summer trade.

Will Support Housing Scheme

Alberta Premier Says Province Willing to Give Help.

Edmonton.—Mayors Duggan, Edmonton, and Adams, of Calgary, met Premier Greenfield to discuss the question of the Alberta cities obtaining aid from the Dominion housing scheme for the purpose of providing relief for unemployed.

Premier Greenfield gave assurance that as soon as proper evidence was produced to the effect that there was a real demand for houses in the cities, then the province would support the scheme and give security for the loans obtained.

Turks Must Surrender Plotters.

Constantinople.—Allied authorities here have invited the Turkish Government to surrender the men involved in the revolutionary plot, discovery of which was announced recently. These persons must be turned over to the allies within a week, or the government will be held responsible. The conspirators will be tried by an allied court martial.

Disagree Over Wages.

St. Catherine's, Ont.—After ten hours' conference the contractors and union men engaged on the Welland Ship Canal have agreed to disagree on the question of wages and other points at issue and it is now up to the government to decide.

Cholera Spreads Fast.

Paris.—Cholera is fast spreading in the countries bordering Russia. The daily average deaths in Tiflis alone is between 30 and 40.



Britain Likes Flavor Of Canadian Butter Shipped From Prairies

The butter situation in Canada as a whole is not especially cheerful at the moment, but there are indications that an improvement may be looked for before the turn of the year. At present the stocks in Montreal are exceptionally heavy, particularly as compared with 1920. In 1920 there were in store at Montreal 131,000 boxes of butter; today there are 166,000; and the stocks of cheese are even heavier in proportion, as in 1920 there were on hand 138,000 boxes of cheese, while today there are 233,000. Of the butter held at Montreal, there is very little that has been made in Western Canada, as from June the prices were fairly satisfactory and western creameries sold up very close to their make; some, in fact, are today oversold, with the result that stocks of creamery held on the prairies were never lighter.

The bulk of the western butter that has been shipped from the prairies has been sent overseas, and reports from Great Britain are to the effect that the quality is very satisfactory on account of the light salting and excellent flavor. This gratifying result is undoubtedly due to the policy which has been adopted in the prairie provinces of a uniform standard government grade and the rapid extension of grading of cream as well as grading of butter.

The dullness of the butter market at the present time and also the rather depressed feeling of the trade is accounted for in a number of ways. One of the main difficulties with regard to the continuance of shipping Canadian butter over to Britain is the fact that there is still a large amount of government-controlled butter on hand. Very recently 7,000 boxes of New Zealand butter arrived in England, one of these old contracts and there was a heavy stock even before this arrival. The butter is not in good condition or of high quality, and at present the trade is in doubt as to what price the government will put this controlled butter on the market at from time to time. Then another factor, and this is probably more of theory than of actual proof, is that British dealers will not conclude contracts with New Zealand shippers for supplies from that country for the next six months until after the middle of September and that they will not offer a price for Canadian butter until after these contracts are made.

It is quite freely stated that the British Government was compelled to pay more for both Canadian and New Zealand butter last year, particularly for Canadian, owing to the fact that shipments of New Zealand butter to the Pacific province realized higher prices than Britain expected to pay and the government was obliged to advance to meet this price. This year it is not a case of the government buying but the dealers, and possibly having this in mind they are resolutely holding off from Canadian butter until they have completed contracts with New Zealand. Yet another factor is said to be that there is a very reasonable probability of lower ocean rates in October and that British buyers do not want to commit themselves until they see what these rates will be.

There are probably some of the reasons for the present depression of prices; the outlook, however, would seem to be for an improved demand and slightly better prices later in the season. The very dry season in Denmark is reported to have curtailed the make in that country, and also a considerable portion of the make has gone to other markets, and the same is, to some extent, true of Holland. Practically all of Holland's cheese is being consumed in Germany.

So far as the prairie provinces are concerned, the make throughout the season has been satisfactory and the quality has been uniformly high, as is indicated not only by the reports from what has been shipped to Britain but from the standing of western butter at the recent National Exhibition in Toronto, where practically all the important prizes came west.

W. N. U. 1386

Gas Laden Silos

Danger of Asphyxiation If Cais Not Taken.

A new phase of agricultural life has come this year, with the erection of silos in the province, and a timely warning based on fatalities which have occurred in other parts of the country, may not be amiss.

In Kane County, Illinois, two men lost their lives by going into gas laden silos. The first man went into the partly filled silo. He did not return. The second man went in to see what was wrong, he did not return. The third man went in after the two first, and he was saved, but had a close call. This is sufficient reason for a little warning.

A closed silo that is partly filled and stands even for a few hours is likely to develop a gas heavier than air, which settles at the bottom, and asphyxiates those who venture in it. A safe way to obviate trouble is to lower a lighted lantern down to the bottom, and if this is snuffed out, good circulation should be provided before anyone is permitted to enter the silo. It may be a nuisance to loosen the doors, take them out and provide circulation of air, but it is the only method to follow.

It would seem that such a warning is not necessary, yet the annual loss of life warrants it. Better be safe than sorry.

Territory Ceded To Crown

Various Indian Tribes In North Accepted Government Bounty.

As a result of the work of the government treaty party, which has been in the northland during the summer, 372,000 square miles of territory has been ceded by the various Indian tribes to the crown, and about 1,900 Indians who hitherto had not been reached, have signified their willingness to accept the government bounty.

H. A. Conroy, Federal Indian agent from Ottawa, went as far north as Fort MacPherson in the Arctic, travelling in a specially constructed house boat. This vessel was pushed by the Hudson Bay Company's gas boat Huloac and the new method of travel was quite satisfactory, states the Indian commissioner.

An escort of three members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police accompanied Mr. Conroy.

Canadian Record For Haulage.

A Canadian record for haulage was established when a train three-quarters of a mile long, drawn by two of the largest engines in the service, with 75 cars containing 85,000 bushels of grain, reached Fort William, Ont., recently.

His Fingers Crossed.

Judge—Be careful, sir, or I'll commit you for contempt of court. Witness—I've not expressed contempt for the court, my lord. On the contrary, I've carefully concealed my feelings!—London Mail.

Plan To Make Airplanes Safe

Must Make Best of Bad Situation Sure Absolute Safety.

The claim is made by Professor Barton Scrammell, of Dover, England, of a discovery which will ensure absolute safety in the flight of aeroplanes by obviating the chance of too sudden descent, the secret being the knowledge of the part played in the flight of birds by the feather. A model is being made to explain the process, and also a larger one which will enable one man on a motor cycle to fly from the sea front at Dover all round the harbor and back in perfect safety. Professor Scrammell is being assisted in this matter by Mr. Dellbridge, a member of Sir Ernest Shackleton's last expedition to the South Pole. On the homeward journey Mr. Dellbridge observed an albatross, which followed the ship for miles without one single movement of its wings. It is not expected to increase speed or lifting power, although this may be achieved; but it is contended that the discovery will absolutely ensure safety in descent.

Versailles Treaty Disappoints France

Must Make Best of Bad Situation Says Poincare.

M. Poincare, former president of the Republic, in his forthright article in the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, says that the Versailles Treaty has caused deep disappointment in France. The chamber shared the responsibility because it ratified the treaty, but it was useless for France to engage in retrospective recriminations, she should try to make the best out of a bad situation, which was caused by circumstances rather than by men.

According to M. Poincare, neither Washington nor London is sacrificing national interests in order to consolidate the alliance of the former entente.

"They are English in London and Americans in Washington, and quite rightly; so let us be French in Paris," says the former president.

Left His Right Hand at Tenerife.

When Nelson returned to England after the glorious victory of the Nile, he landed at Yarmouth. He was a Norfolk man, and the populace, frantic with enthusiasm for their hero, dragged his carriage to the place where he was to be presented with the freedom of the borough.

In taking the oath, Nelson placed his left hand upon the book.

"My lord," said the town clerk, officiously, "your right hand!" "I left that at Tenerife," said the Admiral quietly.

Mails to Russia.

Transmission of parcels through the mails to all parts of Russia, has now been resumed, it was announced from the Regina post office recently. Parcels may now be accepted, at the sender's risk, for shipment to all parts of the country, including both Russia and Europe, with the exception of the Ukraine. They will also be sent to Russia in Asia, except to Turkestan, the Maritime provinces of Russia, Amur province, and Russian Saghalien.

Experiments Show No Great Advantage From Deep Ploughing

-At what depth should land be ploughed is a question that has been asked a great many times, and has received a wide variety of answers, but in the end each farmer has worked out a depth to suit himself and his conditions, and has gone on contented. It has been the subject of a number of tillage experiments but many of these have not agreed. Recent experiments tend to show that the depth that perhaps the majority of farmers have accepted as most convenient is after all the best suited to the different crops.

It has been a common practice for many agricultural authorities in Colleges and Experiment Stations to urge deeper ploughing and as long as most of the ploughing was done by horses with the man steering the plough, this advice was probably needed and in any case was not likely to cause the ploughing to be done too deeply. With the advent of the tractor and the mechanically controlled plough another factor is brought to bear upon it. The call of the agricultural expert for deeper ploughing has provided a good selling point for the tractor salesman. It is obviously easier to plough deeply with the tractor power than it is with the more pliable horse. Is there then a danger that the ploughing may be done too deeply to secure the great returns considering the crop yields and the extra cost of the deeper ploughing?

In this connection the results of tillage experiments conducted at experiment stations in the United States and published in a recent issue of the *Breeders' Gazette* may prove a valuable guide. The Utah Experiment Station reports the following average yields of wheat from depth-of-ploughing experiments conducted over four experimental farms during a five-year period of 1904 to 1908, inclusive:

Ploughed 8 inches deep, 23.3, 11.6, 14.7 and 5.8 bushels per acre.

Ploughed 10 inches deep, 23.4, 12.0, 14.9 and 5.8 bushels per acre.

Ploughed 15 inches deep, 16.9, 15.2, 14.8 and 6.8 bushels per acre.

Ploughed and subsoiled 18 to 20 inches deep, 15.4, 15.2, 16.2 and 6.4 bushels per acre.

The same station reports the following from experiments with wheat on another field. Disked, not ploughed, 20.9; ploughed 5 inches deep, 19.1; ploughed 12 inches deep, 27.7; ploughed 16 inches deep, 27.7 bushels per acre.

The Pennsylvania station after four years' work on depth-of-ploughing experiments found comparing results from ploughing at a depth of 7½ inches and a depth of 15 inches that with barley and corn the results were very slightly (100 lbs. to the acre) in favor of the 7½ inch depth. With oats, wheat and alfalfa the difference was even less but slightly favored the deeper ploughing.

The Ohio station found similar results from a five-year test at the same depth and with nearly the same crops, except that they experimented

with a subsoiler, which increased the crops very slightly but not nearly enough to pay for the extra cost. At the Illinois station they made even fuller tests and they reported results as follows:

"We have been conducting ploughing experiments on brown silt loam and on gray silt loam on light clay. The experiments included fall ploughing to a depth of 7 inches with the moldboard plough and up to 14 inches with a deep-tilling machine, and in the spring from depths of 3½ to 7 inches. In none of these experiments has the deeper ploughing shown any marked advantage. So far as we can determine from our present information, it does not pay to plough over 7 inches deep. This seems to apply to all soils and probably to all crops except potatoes."

The results from other experiment stations draw much the same conclusions, and all tend to indicate that land ploughed to a depth of 7 inches will give equal results at far less cost than will land ploughed at a shallower depth than 7 inches. Much would seem to depend upon the type of soil being worked, the time of year in which the ploughing is done and the crop which is to be grown. The opinions of the U.S. Experiment Station authorities on this matter are summed up by the writer of the article in the following words:

"Fall ploughing should be from 1 inch to 2 inches deeper than spring ploughing. Sandy types of soils should be ploughed shallower than other types of soil. The maximum depths of ploughing recommended range from 5 inches for sandy soil up to 7 and 8 inches for other types of soil," and he adds, "It is evident that the large majority of the investigators favor the fall ploughing of other types of soils than the sands to a depth of approximately 7 inches, which is not strictly in accord with the results of the rather meager experimental data where the depth of ploughing has varied from 4 to 8 inches."

To show the many factors that may influence the depth and alter the results he gives the instance of an Illinois farmer who varied the depth of ploughing according to the year. This man ploughed his land to a depth of 7 inches every three or four years, changing, if possible, a year favorable to deep ploughing. In the intermediate years he ploughed to a shallower depth as it was less expensive and gave equally good results.

The latter plan, we believe, is the one most commonly followed here, namely, ploughing down to 7 inches for corn and roots and to 4 or 5 inches for the grain crops or on light soils. In the colder sections the frost has a loosening action upon the soil that should render deep ploughing unnecessary and the variation in the depth prevents a hard bottom from being formed at any point. Then why go to the expense of ploughing deeper?

Valuable Book Was Saved

Will Be First On Shelves of New Louvain Library.

Not all the 250,000 volumes in the Louvain University library collection were destroyed when the Germans, to their eternal shame, committed it to the flames as they rushed through Belgium in the early days of the war. This week the foundation stone of the new Louvain Library is to be laid, and when it is completed and ready to receive the thousands of books which have been sent to Louvain from every part of the world, the first book to be placed on its shelves will be one which escaped the common destruction. This is a valuable ancient volume of manuscripts which Professor van der Essen had taken home with him for the purpose of consulting.

Our slogan for the coming year should be, "Buy at Home." Add to your own and your neighbor's prosperity by keeping the money circulating in our own district.

German guns were recently being damaged under the peace treaty at a rate of 1,000 a week.

Premier Lloyd George visited Birmingham and reviewed the freedom of the city. The Premier delivered an important speech chiefly with regard to the revision of the peace treaties.



Creeps Into The System Just Like a Serpent

Like a thief in the night, it steals through the system—that's how Catarrh acts. Don't trifle with such a scourge. Time and experience have proved that Catarrh is a wonderful remedy for all Catarrhal and bronchial troubles. You don't take any drugs, you just inhale the sweet, soothing vapor of Catarrhazone which is laden with balsamic essences that heal, relieve and ease the sufferer. To strengthen the throat, to sweeten the breath, to stop nasty discharges, to drive out Catarrh, colds and weakness in the throat, use Catarrhazone. Two months treatment one dollar, smaller size 50c. All dealers or the Catarrhazone Co., Montreal.

World Happenings Briefly Told

The Soviet Government has declared a state of war in Bessarabi, in the Roumanian frontier zone.

The discovery of a vast revolutionary movement at Constantinople is announced by the British authorities here.

Irish has been declared the official language of the Irish republican parliament, Pierce Braxley, a prominent Republican has declared.

Fourteen hundred head of sheep were burned to death when lightning struck a large stock barn on a farm near Muncie, Ills. Another 1,600 were saved.

A ten-year-old immigrant lad from Russia who got 100 per cent. grades in a New York school faces deportation as an imbecile under a U.S. legal technicality.

A Reuter despatch from Geneva says now that the sittings of the various committees of the League of Nations have been thrown open to the public, more attention is being paid to the proceedings.

The arrest of 40 extreme Socialists, mostly Japanese, but some of them Koreans, is featured by the Tokio newspapers, which allege the arrests were connected with a serious sedition plot.

A Constantinople message to the London Times says it is believed the Greeks had 18,000 men put out of action during their recent drive toward Angora. The Turkish Nationalists' losses are placed at 12,000.

Edmonton's first carload of grain went eastward one week earlier than in 1920. It was a car of barley, shipped by W. Ross Alger and Company. The grain was purchased from R. W. Gersun, North Edmonton, and appeared to be of splendid quality.

Reuter's Cape Town correspondent cables that Dr. Goodenough, professor of geology and zoology at Stellenbosch University, South Africa, was officially nominated to fill the vacancy on the staff of Sir Ernest Shackleton's Quest expedition to the Antarctic. Sir Ernest's staff numbers eighteen and includes at least one representative from each of the self-governing dominions.

MOTHERS!

**WATCH YOUR
TEETHING BABIES
THOUSANDS OF THEM DIE
EVERY SUMMER**

When the baby starts to cut its teeth, then is the time the poor mother is under the stress of great anxiety. The child's bowels become loose, and diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cramps and many other bowel complaints manifest themselves; the gums become swollen, caulkers form in the mouth, and in many cases the child wastes to a shadow, and very often the termination is fatal.

On the first indication of any looseness of the bowels, give a few doses of

**DR. FOWLER'S
EXTRACT OF
WILD STRAWBERRY**

and thus, perhaps, save your baby's life.

For the past 76 years "Dr. Fowler's" has been used by mothers for teething babies so you do not experiment with a new and untried remedy which might be dangerous to your darling's health.

Price, 50c a bottle; put up by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Three Hundred Great Years

Undreamed of Advancement Since British Empire Was Founded.

A period of three hundred years—a span which is short enough in the history of any age in which we are not directly concerned—is all that separates us from the beginning of the colonial policy upon which the mighty British Empire was founded, but these three centuries have seen new worlds discovered, new nations arise and an advancement in civilization beyond the dreams of those who lived at their beginning. The impressive ceremonies at Annapolis Royal possess far greater interest and significance than would attach to a merely local observance, for they celebrated events which have had no small part in moulding the history of this continent, and their effects have been felt over an even greater part of the surface of the globe.—The St. John Telegraph.

WIND ON THE STOMACH QUICKLY RELIEVED

It is a good thing to know just what to do when gas belching starts. One sufferer related the following experience: "A few months ago I ate some green vegetables and some fruit that was not quite ripe. It brought on indigestion, hiccupping, nausea and cramps. I belched gas continually. A neighbor urged me to use 'Nervine.' I took it in hot sweetened water, and got quick relief. I will never again be without this valuable remedy." Nervine is a household necessity, large 35c bottle sold everywhere.

To Produce Dyes

A joint stock company will be formed in Winnipeg in the near future with a capitalization of \$200,000 and a plant valued at more than \$250,000 will be erected in St. Boniface, for the production of dyes, according to T. H. Brooks, inventor of a new method of extracting aniline dyes from coal tar.

Really Reliable Asthma Remedy. All sufferers from chronic Asthma should try Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, no matter how many others have failed to give relief. It is a common thing for Dr. J. D. Kellogg's to succeed where others fail, as is testified by many thousands who have found this out for themselves. Why continue to endure days and nights of unspeakable agony when a remedy of such high standing has not yet been tried?

Started Forest Fire

Robert Louis Stevenson Would Have Been Lynched If Caught.

In connection with American forest fires it may be recalled that one of England's most distinguished men of letters once was guilty of having started a forest fire in California, and had been identified with the accident—which the inhabitants of the locality would have construed instantly as a crime—he would have suffered the capital penalty under lynch law. Robert Louis Stevenson, in his "Old Pacific Capital," admits the folly that induced him to satisfy his curiosity as to the inflammable nature of the moss that ornaments the pine trees in the woods above Monterey by applying a match to the trunk of the tree—instead of detaching a portion of the moss and experimenting in safety.

As it was, the tree went off like a rocket. "In three seconds it was a roaring pillar of fire. Men were at work near by, combating another break, and had any one observed Stevenson's experiment his neck would not have been 'worth a pinch of snuff.' At night he was able to discern his 'own particular fire' quite distinct from the other, and burning 'with even greater vigor.'"

A pleasant medicine for children is Mother Graves' Worm Expeller, and it is excellent for driving worms from the system.

Norwegian scientists claim Greenland is moving slowly westward at the rate of about 10 yards a year.

At heights above 23,000 feet above sea level, mountaineers say that sleep would be difficult, if not impossible.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

CUTICURA HEALS INTENSE ITCHING

Burning On Hands. Could Not Put Them in Water. Lost Sleep.

"My hands were very sore and I could not put them in water to wash them. There were some pimples on my hands, and the itching and burning were so intense that I scratched and irritated them, and I could not sleep at night."

"The trouble lasted two weeks before I tried Cuticura. When I had used two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment for about two weeks I was healed." (Signed) Reginald Dingle, R. F. D. 2, Fort Kent, Maine.

Use Cuticura for every-day toilet purposes. Bathe with Soap, soothe with Ointment, dust with Talcum. See 25c. Ointment 25c. Soap 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Agents: The Dominion Company, Ltd., Montreal. 246 St. Paul St., W. Montreal. Cuticura Soap always without cost.

Postal Rates Advance

Will Be Four Cents to Other Parts of Empire.

An advance of one cent per ounce is announced in the letter postage rate between Canada and other parts of the Empire. The new rate was two cents per ounce with an additional one cent as war tax. The new rate will be three cents an ounce, with one cent war tax additional.

The postage rate to foreign countries has been increased from one cent for the first ounce and three cents for each succeeding ounce to 10 cents for the first ounce and five cents for each additional ounce or fraction thereof.

A POPULAR TONIC

One That Enriches the Blood and Strengthens the Nerves.

Proper food, fresh air and a good tonic will keep most people in good health. Hurried meals, indoor confinement in badly ventilated rooms and lack of exercise cause anaemia. In this condition Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a popular tonic. They contain no habit forming drugs, and all way have a beneficial effect through enriching the blood and strengthening the nerves. For growing girls, who become thin and pale, for pale, tired women and for old people who fail in strength, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an ideal tonic. Their benefit in anemic conditions is shown by the case of Miss Lucy A. Stevens, Hillsboro, N.S., who says: "Last spring I was in very poor health, and completely run down. I had severe headaches, the least exertion would cause my heart to palpitate violently, my appetite was poor, and at times I had fainting spells. This went on for some months, and although I was taking medicine, I seemed to be growing weaker, and the least exertion would leave me worn out. Then on the advice of a friend, I changed the treatment to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I have great cause to be thankful that I did so, as they have made a wonderful improvement in my condition, and I can now work without fatigue, go upstairs without becoming breathless, and have gained in weight. I think these pills are an ideal medicine in cases like mine."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for 2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Paper Yarn.

Paper yarn is being manufactured in Spain. The material for the yarn being derived from Eucalyptus wood. The yarn is strong and adapted to the manufacture of sacking cloth and imitation burlap.

The total amount of money spent on sports in the British Isles each year is so large that if it were converted into gold, it would require a train a mile long to transport it.

So Naturally.

"Waiter, this coffee is nothing but mud." "Yes, sir; it was ground this morning."

Corns cause much suffering, but Hollway's Corn Remover offers a speedy, sure and satisfactory relief.

Far From the End.

"What's that grass widow's last name?" "Nobody knows. She hasn't come to it yet."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Minard's Liniment. Lumbard's Liniment.

W. N. O. 1386

A Becoming Frock For The Dark-Eyed Girl



By Marie Belmont.

This lovely frock is made of a fine quality of burnt orange voile. The bodice is designed with a wide spread fichu which is prettily draped about the shoulders. This is edged with ecru lace. The small puffed sleeves are trimmed in like manner. The skirt shows a continuation of the fichu effect, for it is designed with an irregular overskirt. This is caught up at the side with a spray of black-eyed susans. The underskirt is also adorned with the ecru lace. A belt of dark brown velvet ribbon defines the waistline and clustered at one side of the frock is another spray of the black-eyed flowers.

The Milk Maid.

A young man from one occasion to call at a country farm house to make inquiries after his sweetheart, who had charge of the dairy. Her master opened the door, and her lover asked him timidly:

"How is the milkmaid?" But the farmer angrily replied, as he slammed the door on the stranger's face: "Our milk isn't made; it's got from the cow."

For Scalds and Burns.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a standard remedy for the prompt treatment of scalds and burns. Its healing power quickly soothes the pain and aids a speedy recovery from the injury. It is also an excellent remedy for the treatment of cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as for relieving the pains arising from inflammation of various kinds. A bottle in the house and stable saves many a doctor's and veterinary's fee.

France is planning an air force consisting of 140 battle squadrons and 80 observation squadrons.

CLARK'S

Kitchen at your Service again this Summer




CLARK'S Tomato Soup is such a treat --

Fine ripe tomatoes fresh from the fields give it their delicious flavour, and all you have to do is to heat and serve.

CLARK SOUPS are made in 13 different sorts, and include chicken.

Like all "Clark Good Things" the price is moderate.

Made from Canadian Farm Produce and sold everywhere in Canada.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES MAKE PERFECT BREAD

For many years physicians have prescribed yeast for the correction of certain physical disarrangements, such as boils, constipation, pimples and intestinal troubles. Royal Yeast Cakes are rich in vitamins and serve to tone up the blood. Royal Yeast Cakes are on sale in practically every grocery store. Send name and address for free copy "Royal Yeast Cakes for Better Health."

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To Canada belongs the honor of being the first to generate water powers for high-tension transmission in the British Empire, a small power of 1200-h.p. having been developed on the Batiscan River and transmitted at 1100 volts to Three Rivers, Quebec.

If You Suffer Take

a course of the famous Beecham's Pills. Prompt relief often follows the first dose. People everywhere are proving the value of BEECHAM'S PILLS. In boxes, 25c., 50c. Largest Sale of any Medicine in the World.

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BOOK ON DOG DISEASES and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER
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A 25c. reliable regulation medicine for all kinds of skin diseases. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Weston's).

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Have all kinds of
BIN LUMBER
At Reduced Prices.



Haul a load of
ROSE DEER
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IT IS ALL COAL
The Atlas Have It.

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REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE & CONVEYANCING Business

Come in and talk over Insurance, we have the best companies in America for Hail, Fire, Stock, in fact for anything on the farm.
We'll give your business the most careful and prompt attention.

"SERVICE" That's what we'll give you.
COME IN AND TALK IT OVER.
MURDOCH & AMERY.

NOTICE !!

WHITE ROSE
GASOLINE
IT IS THE BEST

We Have It

Crossfield Garage

Accidental Shooting Fatality at High Prairie

A very sad shooting accident occurred on Thursday afternoon, Sept. 18th, when little Margarine Bone 11-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Levi Bone had the tips of three fingers of her left hand blown off and a wound in the side of her head whilst riding in the West Prairie River School van. Mr. Bone, late of this district who drives the van had let all but one of the children alight at their various homes and it appears that Mr. Bone's son Charlie had loaded the gun ready to shoot at some geese which they had seen earlier in the day. When arriving at the gate of the home of the only other child to get off, Charlie laid down the gun in the van and jumped off in open the gate for the little girl. Mr. Bone looked round from his seat to see how his own daughter was faring who had complained of being sleepy and having a headache, she laying down on the seat with her hand to her head, Mr. Bone seeing the gun in what he thought was a dangerous place, jumped off the van and seized the butt end and the explosion followed. The unfortunate girl raised her head a little exclaiming Queenie 3 times and then lapsed into unconsciousness in which condition she remained for eight days. She was rushed to Dr. McIntyre's house immediately the accident occurred and next day was moved to Miss Brown's hospital, where everything possible was done until taken to the General Hospital in Edmonton, on Saturday last, where all the skill at hand failed, the poor girl passed away on Monday afternoon last. The body was shipped by Connelly and Armstrong, to Crossfield, on Wednesday morning, interment taking place in the family plot. Rev. R. K. Swenerton officiating at the ceremony. Much sympathy is expressed for Mr. Bone, especially on to the sad circumstances resulting in the death.

The Ladies Aid of Union Church will meet next Wednesday afternoon, October 5th, at 3.30 p. m., at the home of Mrs. A. W. Jessiman, instead of at Mrs. A. W. Gordon's as previously arranged. New members and visitors welcome. Further arrangements for the Anniversary Supper of November 14th and other important matters will be considered.

NOTICE

Farmers please note that you are liable to prosecution for threshing, etc., on Sunday. By order of the U. F. A. Premier the law is to be strictly enforced.

NOTICE

We have still a few of Dr. C. J. Korinek's veterinary books. The Veterinarian's are published at \$2.50 each, in order to dispose the remainder of these valuable books, we will sell them at less than cost, 50c. each. Anyone who has the handling of horses, cattle, swine, sheep and poultry can't afford to be without one of these books, while they last, at 50 cents each.

Chronicle Office, Crossfield.

DRESSMAKING

Mrs. R. McAdams, Dressmaker, late of Calgary wishes to announce to the ladies of Crossfield and district that having taken up residence in town she solicits your patronage in all kinds of Dressmaking, etc.

Terms Modere.

A trial will convince you.
For information, Phone 49.

George McLeod,

Drying and General Transferring Business.

Wood and Coal Hauled on the Shortest Notice.

Lots Cleaned up. A Trial is all I ask.

We buy and kill all our meats
locally, and sell at the most
REASONABLE PRICES.

Be sure and get your supplies from

Glover & Co.'s
NEW MEAT MARKET

See us about Poultry.

Changes in the Postal Service

The following changes consequent on the Postal Convention adopted by the Universal Postal Union Congress held at Madrid last year, will come into effect on October 1st 1921.

Postage on letters to Great Britain and all parts of the British Empire outside of Canada will be four cents.

Postage on letters to foreign countries outside the Empire, the United States and Mexico will be ten cents.

There will be no change on letters to the States and Mexico, postage remaining at three cents.

The fee for an acknowledgment of receipt of a registered article addressed to any place whether within or outside of Canada will be ten cents, instead of five cents as heretofore.

On and after October 1st, 1921, insurance will take the place of registration on parcels postal for delivery in Canada.

Card of Thanks

Mr. L. Bone wishes to thank the members of Crossfield Lodge No. 42, and friends in the district for their kindness, assistance and expressions of sympathy during his recent bereavement.

LEVI BONE.

MILLINERY NOTICE

I will display an up-to-date line of
MILLINERY
every two weeks, commencing
Thursday, Sept. 15th, at
HALLIDAY & Co's Store.

All ladies of Crossfield and district are invited to inspect my stock.
Mrs. H. W. Curry, Carstairs.

IS YOUR BUSINESS FOR SALE

We are in constant touch with buyers. If you have a paying proposition we can sell it for you.
Business treated confidentially.

Lougheed and Taylor, Ltd.,
210 Eighth Avenue West,
Calgary.

STRAYED

Strayed.—Chestnut Mare, Roan Mare, 7 years old, Star, pastern ur hind. No brand.

Finder please phone 22, Crossfield

NOTICE

Cattle Branded JS on right shoulder

Please notify,
H. Scholefield.

Wanted, the party who wrote to the Poundkeeper at Trochu, Alta., in regard to a Buckskin Gelding Branded on the right thigh that was in his pound. Please see the Editor as soon as possible.

Impounded

In the Pound situate on N.W. 1/4, S. 21, T. 23, R. 3, W. 5th.
One Horse colored Mare, Branded One Bay Mare, also one Bay Stallion, two years old. July 21st.
Homer (Jano), poundkeeper.

For Sale Cheap
FOR SALE.—OLD POTATOES,
Phone 1311, Crossfield.
DeWitt Bros.

For Sale
Two Registered Aberdeen Angus Bulls,
One year old. Apply to
Crockett and Corcoran,
Phone 1331 Crossfield.

NOTICE.—Anyone requiring pasture for 100 up to 250 head of Cattle, apply to
Capt. N. J. WIGLE,
Phone 803, Crossfield.

Stud.—The Imported Percheron Horse "Hormain" (75777) will be at his own stable during the season 1921. Terms \$10 to insure. Payable 1st March, 1922.
S. G. Fleming, Owner.

CROSSFIELD LODGE I. O. O. F.

No. 42

Meets Every Wednesday Night in the Oddfellows Hall at 8 p. m.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.

A. D. BROWN, N.G.
S. WILLIS, Sec.-Secy.
A. JESSIMAN, Fin.-Sec.

Crossfield School District No. 752
The Regular Meeting of the above School Board will be held in Onkes and Gordon's Office, at 8 p. m., on the second Monday of each month.
Ratepayers are invited to be present at this meeting.

All matters of business pertaining to this district will be attended to at this meeting.
The office of the Sec.-Treas. is in the Crossfield Drug Store.

A. W. GORDON, Chairman.
Merrick Thomas, Sec.-Treas.

Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer on the first Monday of each month, commencing with February at the hour of 8.30 o'clock p. m.
By Order of the Village Council.
51-52-
W. McRory, Sec.-Treas.

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AUCTIONEER, Acme.

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For Terms, etc. apply at the Chronicle Office, Crossfield.